

# **Product Insert**

# PEPTONE YEAST EXTRACT BROTH WITH LACTATE FA/GLC (PY LACTATE FA/GLC)

#### **Products**

AS-846 Peptone Yeast Extract Broth with Lactate FA/GLC (PY Lactate FA/GLC)

10 Tubes / pkg

### **Intended Use**

Peptone Yeast Extract Broth with Lactate FA/GLC (PY LACTATE FA/GLC) is designed for the determination of lactate fermentation by anaerobic bacteria for identification. PY LACTATE FA/GLC is recommended for use in identifying *Veillonella* species within the MIDI MIS procedures.

# **Summary**

PY LACTATE FA/GLC is a non-selective broth medium that was formulated by the VPI group for use in chromatographic analysis of cellular fatty acids within the MIDI MIS system. This media is also useful in the analysis of short chain fatty acid end products from the fermentation of lactate. Appropriate control strains cultured in this medium should show characteristic metabolic products when analyzed using gas liquid chromatography. Both types of analysis are useful in the identification of clinically significant anaerobic bacteria. A peptone yeast extract basal medium is supplemented with glucose and Tween 80 to stimulate the growth of gram-positive organisms. This media is prepared, dispensed, and packaged under oxygen-free conditions to prevent the formation of oxidized products prior to use.

### Formulation\*

5.00	g
5.00	g
10.00	g
2.00	mL
5.00	mL
0.10	mL
4.00	mL
0.008	g
0.016	g
0.04	g
0.04	g
0.08	g
0.32	g
7.00	mL
1.00	L
	5.00 10.00 2.00 5.00 0.10 4.00 0.008 0.016 0.04 0.04 0.08 0.32 7.00

Final pH:  $7.1 \pm 0.3$  at  $25^{\circ}$  C Final volume: 10.0 mL  $\pm 1.0$  mL

### **Precautions**

For IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC USE only. Utilize approved biohazard precautions and aseptic technique when using this product. This product is for use only by properly-trained and qualified personnel. Sterilize all biohazard waste prior to disposal.

<sup>\*</sup>Approximate formula. Adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance criteria.



# Storage and Shelf Life

**Storage:** Upon receipt, store at room temperature in original package until used. Avoid overheating or freezing. Do not use media if there are signs of deterioration (discoloration due to oxidation of media) or contamination. The expiration date applies to the product in its original packaging and stored as directed. Do not use product past the expiration date shown on the label.

Shelf Life: 1 year from date of manufacture.

#### **Procedure**

**Specimen Collection:** Specimens for anaerobic culture should be protected from oxygen during collection, transportation, and processing. Consult appropriate references for detailed instructions concerning collection and transportation of anaerobes.

**Methods for Use:** Inoculate PY LACTATE FA/GLC directly with a pure culture of the organism. Inoculated tubes should be immediately placed into an anaerobic atmosphere and incubated at 35-37°C for 24 - 48 hours. Extended periods of incubation may be required to recover some anaerobes. Detailed instructions for processing anaerobic cultures can be found in the listed references.

### Materials Required, But Not Provided

Standard microbiological supplies and equipment such as loops, saline blanks, slides, staining supplies, microscope, incinerator / autoclave, incubators, anaerobic chamber / anaerobic jars, disinfectant, other culture media, and serological / biochemical reagents.

### **Interpretation of Results**

Uninoculated PY-based broths should show only trace amounts, if any, of volatile and nonvolatile fatty acids when tested with gas liquid chromatography. If used properly, this medium, when cultured with appropriate control strains, will show characteristic metabolic products when analyzed using MIDI MIS system. For interpretation of chromatographic results, consult the MIDI MIS manual.

### Limitations

PY LACTATE FA/GLC will not provide complete information for identification of bacterial isolates. Additional test procedures and media are required for complete identification. Consult reference materials for additional information.

### **Quality Control**

The following organisms are routinely used for quality assurance performance testing, for growth and the fermentation of lactate, at Anaerobe Systems. PY LACTATE FA/GLC is suitable for use in lactate utilization on the basis of propionate production through chromatographic methods; however, Anaerobe Systems quality control procedures are limited to growth performance.

Organism Tested	ATCC #	Results	Time
Bacteroides fragilis	25285	Growth	24 hrs
Prevotella melaninogenica	25845	Growth	24 – 48 hrs
Bacteroides vulgatus	8482	Growth	24 hrs
Fusobacterium nucleatum	25586	Growth	24 – 48 hrs
Fusobacterium necrophorum	25286	Growth	24 – 48 hrs
Clostridium perfringens	13124	Growth	24 hrs
Peptostreptococcus anaerobius	27337	Growth	24 hrs
Veillonella parvula*	10790	Growth	24 – 48 hrs

<sup>\*</sup>This organism is tested for characteristic fatty acid results using the MIDI MIS system.

**User Quality Control:** The final determination to the extent and quantity of user laboratory quality control must be determined by the end user.



If sterility testing is to be performed on this product, a representative sample of the lot(s) should be incubated anaerobically and aerobically for 48 - 96 hours.

If the nutritive capacity of this media is to be tested for performance, it is recommended that the following ATCC organisms be evaluated for growth. Glucose utilization is determined by pH analysis.

Organism	ATCC #	<b>Expected Growth</b>
B. fragilis	25285	24 hrs
F. necrophorum	25286	24 – 48 hrs
P. anaerobius	27337	24 hrs
V. parvula	10790	24 – 48 hrs

Physical Appearance: PY LACTATE FA/GLC should appear as a clear, golden-yellow liquid.

#### References

- 1. Dowell, V. R., Jr., G. L. Lombard, F. S. Thompson and A. Y. Armfield. 1977. *Media for the Isolation, Characterization and Identification of Obligately Anaerobic Bacteria*. USDHHS, CDC. Atlanta, GA 30333.
- 2. Engelkirk, P. G., Duben-Engelkirk, J. and Dowell, V. R. 1992. *Principles and Practices of Clinical Anaerobic Bacteriology*. Star Publishing Co., Belmont, CA 94002.
- 3. Holdeman, L. V., F. P. Cato and W. E. C. Moore. 1987. *Anaerobe Laboratory Manual*. Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University. Blacksburg, VA 24061
- Jousimeis-Somer, H. R., Summanen, P., Citron, D. M., Baron, E. J., Wexler, H. M. and S. M. Finegold. 2002. Wadsworth – KYL Anaerobic Bacteriology Manual. Star Publishing Co., Belmont, CA 94002.
- 5. CLSI. Quality Control for Commercially Prepared Microbiological Culture Media; Approved Standard- Third Edition. (2004). CLSI document M22-A3. CLSI, 940 West Valley Road, Suite 1400, Wayne, PA 19087-1898.
- 6. Sherlock Microbial Identification System (MIS). Operating Manual, Version 6. MIDI, Inc. Newark, DE 19713.

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